



LONGSTONE SCHOOL

Anti-Bullying Policy

Article 19

All children have the right to be safe
from harm

REVIEWED: February 2024



Anti-Bullying Policy

Aim

The aim of this Anti-Bullying Policy is to ensure that everyone in Longstone has the opportunity to work and learn and teach in a supportive environment without the fear of being bullied. Bullying is a highly distressing and damaging form of abuse which we do not tolerate. It is made clear to everyone that this is a form of anti-social behaviour contrary to our ethos of being a Rights Respecting School. **(Article 19 protection from and being hurt and mistreated).**

We believe that every member of Longstone School community has the right to:

- Feel safe **(Article 24 right to a safe environment);**
- Be treated respectfully, regardless of gender, race, religion or ability **(Article 2 right to not be discriminated against);**
- Be able to learn and work; **(Article 28 right to an education)** and
- Be valued as a member of the school community **(Article 29 right to develop talents and abilities).**

Bullying behaviours of any kind are unacceptable within our school. If bullying does occur, everyone and especially pupils should be able to report incidents and feel confident that their concerns will be dealt with promptly and effectively **(Article 12 right to an opinion)**. Our School Council members have created a child friendly Anti-Bullying Policy and this has been made available to all pupils within our school. This Anti-Bullying policy advises pupils what to do if they feel that bullying, whether alleged or observed, is happening. Anyone who witnesses a bullying incident is expected to tell a member of staff as soon as possible and all staff are expected to be vigilant and keep a record of alleged/observed incidents.

As a **Rights Respecting School** we value diversity and teach our pupils to celebrate differences. When pupils experience incidents of bullying behaviours which appear to be based on discriminatory motives (race, sexuality, disability, gender, religion and home circumstances), we will record this using the **Bullying Concern Assessment Form**, as advised in the ‘**Addressing Bullying in Schools Act**’ (2016).

Definition of Bullying

The Department of Education defines bullying as:

“Deliberately hurtful behaviour repeated over a period of time, where it is difficult for the victim to defend him or herself” (*Pastoral Care in Schools: Child Protection*).

Longstone School Council defines bullying as:

“Bullying is hurtful behaviour that harmfully affects the rights and needs of others. It is carried out by one or more person over a period of time”.

The four main types of bullying are:

1. **Physical** – punching, kicking, hitting.
2. **Emotional** – hurting people’s feelings, leaving people out.
3. **Verbal** – name calling, teasing.
4. **Cyber** – sending nasty text messages, emails or messages.

The term bullying refers to a range of harmful behaviour, both physical and psychological.

Bullying behaviour usually has the following four features:

1. **It is repetitive and persistent** – though sometime a single incident can have the precise same impact as persistent behaviour over time.
2. **It is intentionally harmful** – though occasionally the stress it causes is not consciously intended by all those who are responsible.
3. **It involves an imbalance of power** – leaving someone feeling helpless to prevent it or to put a stop to it.
4. **It causes feelings of distress, fear and loneliness** – leading to a lack of confidence in those who are at the receiving end.

It is important that everyone, pupils, parents/carers, governors and staff in Longstone School:

- Recognise the importance of distinguishing between those behaviours which while undesirable and unacceptable do not constitute bullying from those which are proven to be bullying because they are deliberate, targeted and repeated over a period of time.
- Are sensitive to different perspectives.
- Understand bullying can take many forms from teasing and spreading rumours, to causing physical harm. It includes name calling and verbal abuse (face to face, in writing, through mobile phones, online, writing text messages to making comments on social networking sites), mocking or taunting, hitting, writing or drawing offensive graffiti, excluding people from groups, and threatening others including demanding money.

Identifying bullying

A pupil who is being bullied may display some of the following signs and symptoms:

- Anxiety about travelling to and from school;
- A pattern of physical illness, for example headaches;
- Changes in temperament and or behaviour;
- Signs of anxiety or distress - difficulty in sleeping, not eating, crying etc.
- Possessions and clothing damaged or missing;
- Unexplained bruising or cuts;
- Deterioration in educational performance or loss of enthusiasm and interest in school;
- Reluctance and/or refusal to say what is troubling him or her.

Individually, these signs and symptoms do not necessarily mean that a pupil is being bullied.

However, if there is a combination or repetitive occurrence of these, then further investigation is needed in order to determine what is affecting the pupil.

Procedures in Longstone School

All staff are vigilant at all times to the possibility of bullying occurring, and will take immediate steps to stop it happening, to protect and reassure the target and to discipline the pupil/pupils who has/have displayed bullying behaviours. In some cases, parents/carers of both victim and pupil who have displayed the bullying behaviours will be contacted by the school. **(Article 19 protection from violence and being mistreated).**

Any complaint by a parent that their child is, or may be, being bullied will be fully investigated and team action will be taken to protect the target should bullying be identified. A parent making a complaint about bullying will have a response from the school, normally within one week of making the complaint. This response will indicate the outcome of any investigation and if it was necessary to take action. **(Article 3 the best interests of the child).**

The sanctions taken against a pupil who bullies will depend on the seriousness of the case, but may include one or more of the following:

- Being subject to careful monitoring of behavioural /social interaction until staff members are satisfied the problem has stopped.
- Being placed in Lunchtime Thinking Time.
- Being placed in Friday Thinking Time.
- Losing any privileges or positions of responsibility he/she holds in the school. For example, School Council Member or Prefect.
- Being placed on a daily report sheet.
- Being suspended in accordance with Education Authority's procedures.

Depending on the needs of the pupils, it may be appropriate to provide support in the form of behaviour management programmes such as anger management or social skills. **(Article 23 right to a special education).**

The responsibilities of the staff

Our staff will:

- Educate our pupils about their rights in line with the **United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child**. Pupils will know their right and understand their behaviour must not infringe on anyone else's rights.
- Be consistent in approach when dealing with bullying concerns/behaviour.
- Foster in our pupil's self-esteem, self-respect and respect for others.
- Demonstrate by example the high standards of personal and social behaviour we expect of our pupils.
- Discuss bullying with all classes, so that every child learns about the damage it causes to both the child who is bullied and to the child carrying out the bullying behaviours. Staff members will outline the importance of telling an adult about bullying when it happens.
- Be alert to signs of distress and other possible indications of bullying.
- Listen to children who have been bullied, take what they say seriously and act to support and protect them.
- Deal with observed instances of bullying promptly and effectively.
- Keep a record of alleged/observed incidents in the appropriate Incident Book.
- Check all the facts before determining whether or not bullying has taken place.
- Keep parents informed.
- Use the curriculum to address issues of bullying and how pupils can deal with it.
- Bullying will be addressed in Personal Development and PDMU.
- Use **Rights Respecting Schools Assemblies** to inform pupils how to deal with bullying, who to talk to and also make them aware of Social Media dangers.
- Make use of the NIABF's resources, particularly during Anti-Bullying Week and participate in the Anti-Bullying Week yearly challenge.
- Access agencies as required to support the school's position in trying to eradicate instances of bullying.

Designated Teacher for Safeguarding and Child Protection

Mr J Starrs

Deputy Designated Teacher for Safeguarding and Child Protection

Mr I Skarmoutsos

The Responsibilities of Pupil Anti-Bullying Ambassadors (Article 29 right to develop talents and abilities)

- To participate in full and refresher training lead by the Diana Awards Team.
- To attend School Council meetings where Anti-Bullying projects are included on the agenda and to disseminate issues and actions discussed with their fellow pupils.
- To recognise the signs of bullying and signpost pupils who are being bullied to the appropriate help.
- To assist with whole school Anti-Bullying Campaigns and projects and update the Anti-Bullying Ambassador display board as required.

The Responsibilities of Pupils

We expect our pupils to:

- Read and follow the child friendly Anti-Bullying Policy created by the School Council, in consultation with the whole school and reviewed yearly.
- Read and follow the **Rights Respecting School Charter**.
- Report concerns of bullying to staff at once, or as soon as practical. This will help staff to investigate concerns quickly and without information being potentially distorted.
- Refrain from becoming involved in any kind of bullying, even at the risk of incurring temporary unpopularity.
- Intervene to protect the pupil who is being bullied, unless it is unsafe to do so.
- Report to a member of staff any witnessed or suspected instances of bullying, to dispel any climate of secrecy and to help prevent further instances.
- Use the Feeling Safe Box if they feel they cannot speak to a member of staff directly.

Anyone who becomes the target of bullies should tell an adult or friend. If a target feels they cannot speak to a member of staff directly they should use the Feeling Safe Box. By having the courage to speak out they will help put an end to the suffering, of not just their own but of other potential targets too. (Article 12 Every child has the right to voice their opinion and for adults to listen and take their views seriously).

The Responsibilities of Parents /Carers

We ask parents and guardians to support their children and the school by:

- Watching for signs of distress or unusual behaviour in their children, which might be evidence of bullying.

- Advising their children to report any concerns to a member of staff as soon as possible. Parents should also explain to their children the implications of allowing the bully to continue unchecked, for themselves and other pupils.
- Advising their children to not retaliate violently to any form of bullying.
- Being sympathetic and supportive to their children and reassuring them that appropriate action will be taken.
- Informing the school of any suspected bullying, even if their children are not involved.
- Checking all the facts before determining whether bullying has occurred i.e. that the behaviour constitutes bullying as defined in this policy.
- Co-operating with the school, if their children are accused of bullying, try to ascertain the truth and point out the implications of bullying, both for the children who are bullied and the bullies themselves.
- Respond to consultations with regards to this Anti-Bullying policy and other initiatives.

The responsibilities of all

Everyone should work together to combat bullying.

Links with other policies

This policy is linked with the School Council's Child Friendly Anti-Bullying Policy, the schools Behaviour for Learning Policy, Pastoral Care Policy and Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

Monitoring, Evaluation and Review

This policy will be reviewed every two years by the Senior Management Team and the Board of Governors. The Vice Principal will collate and review all documentation relating to bullying on a termly basis. This will allow the school to identify trends. The Senior Management Team will then be able to provide feedback to the Board of Governors regarding changes in procedures, sanctions, supervision levels, the effectiveness of bullying etc.

The whole school, including staff, pupils and parents have been consulted about the Anti-Bullying Policy and the Child Friendly Anti-Bullying policy in November 2023 (**Article 12 right to an opinion**). Every year the whole school participates in Anti-Bullying Week which involves an assembly and display board. The School Council Child Friendly Anti-Bullying policy is reviewed by the School Council (in consultation with whole school on a yearly basis). The Child Friendly Policy is disseminated to parents alongside the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy on a two-yearly basis.

The School Council provides children with the opportunity to highlight concerns and collaborate with adults when discussing how bullying can be reduced or dealt with (**Article 12 right to an opinion**). Anti-Bullying is a regular feature of School Council meetings and in November 2023 School Council

Representatives undertook virtual Diana Award Anti-Bullying Ambassador training. **(Article 29 develop talents and abilities and respect other people).**

Each year Longstone School participate in the Anti-Bullying Alliance Anti-Bullying Week which includes a whole school challenge (theme provided by ABA), a School Council led Assembly and the display of posters and other material around our school.

Reviewed in February 2024

This policy has been reviewed to reflect the guidance contained in the ‘Addressing Bullying in Schools Act’ 2016.

Anti-Bullying Week Activities 2023

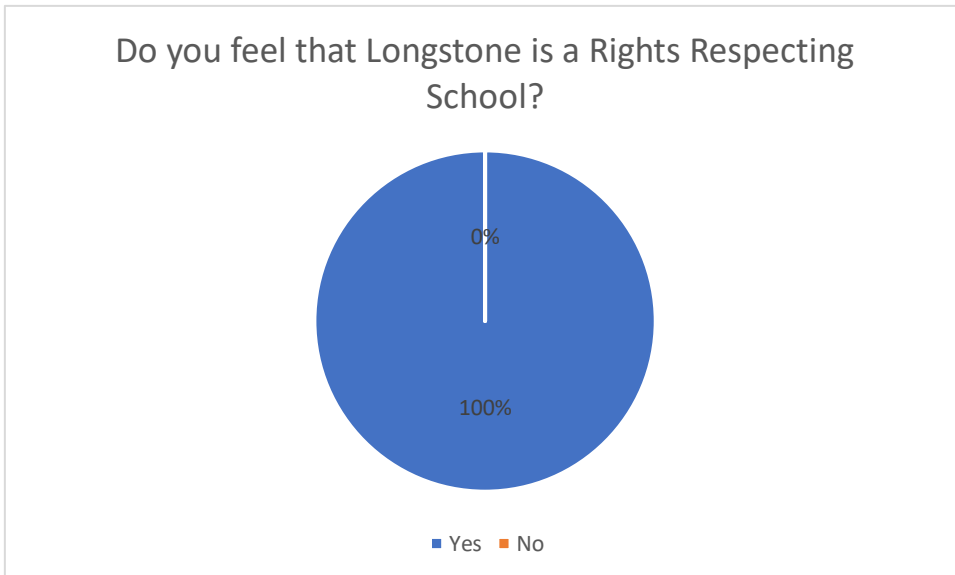
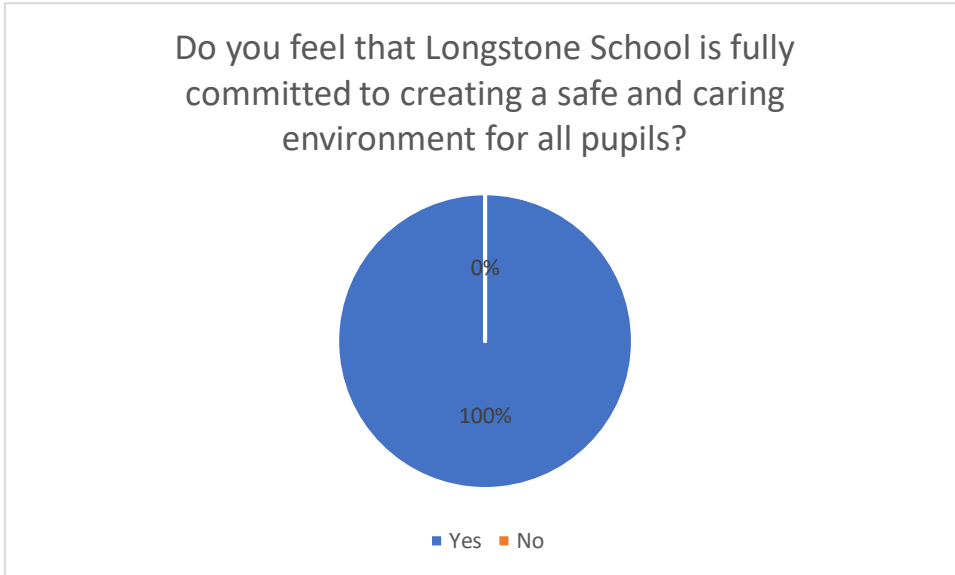


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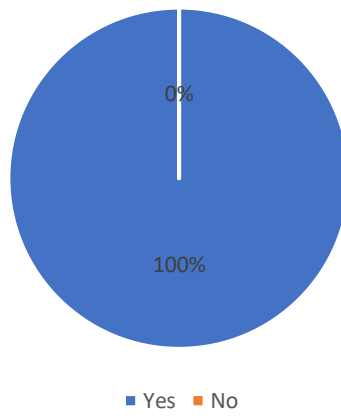


Anti-Bullying Parent Consultation Results 2023

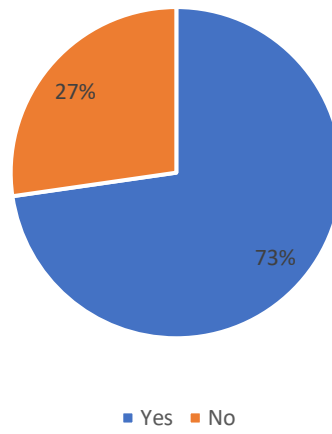
Article 19 Right to Protection from being hurt or mistreated



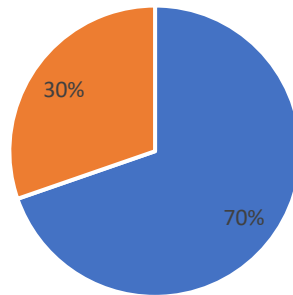
Do you feel that staff members help your child feel safe in school?



Does bullying concern you?

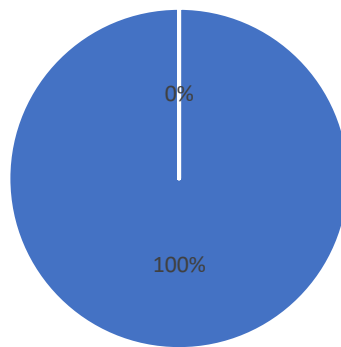


Are you aware of the procedures for reporting bullying?



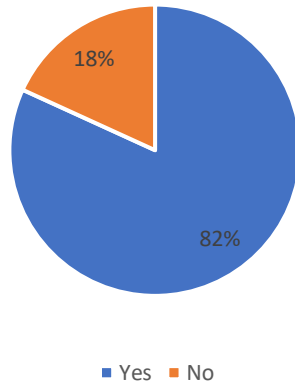
■ Yes ■ No

Do you feel confident to report concerns of bullying to any member of staff?

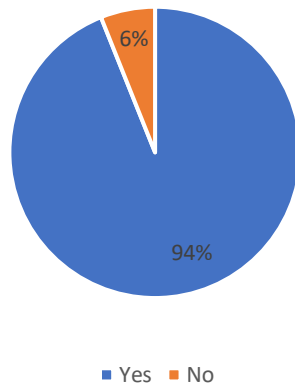


■ Yes ■ No

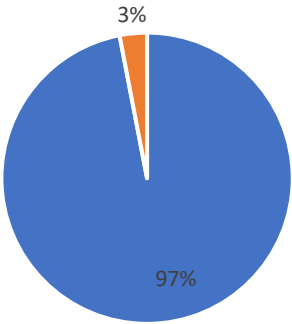
Are you aware of our schools Anti-Bullying policy?



Do you feel your child is secure and free from emotional and physical bullying within school?

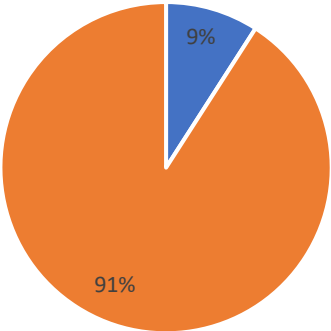


Do you feel your child is safe from bullying on the way to and from school?



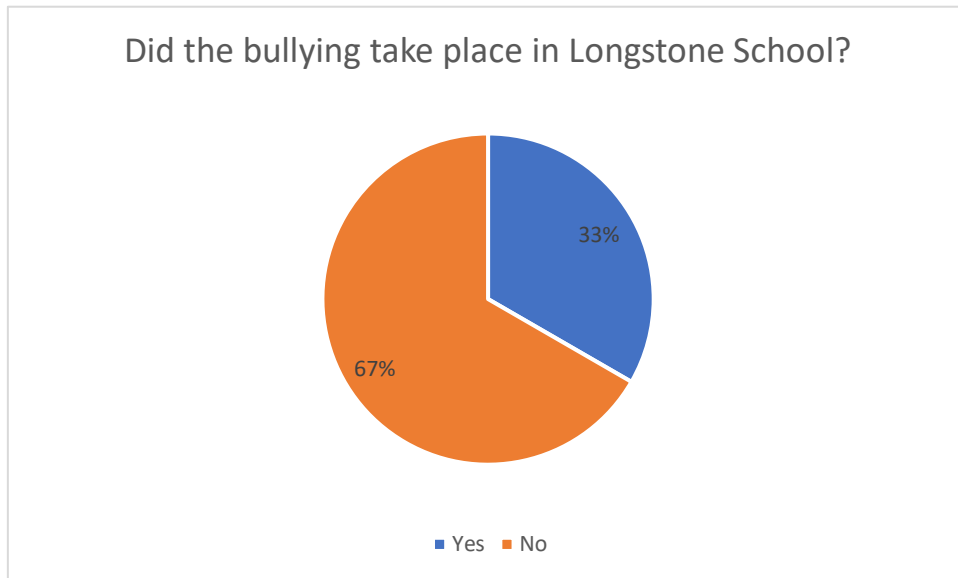
■ Yes ■ No

Has your child ever been bullied in school?

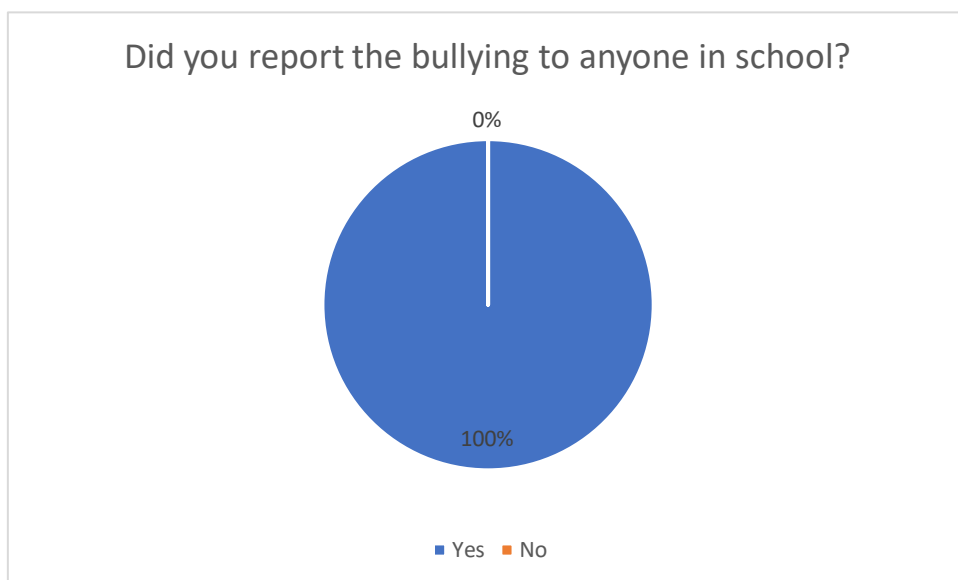


■ Yes ■ No

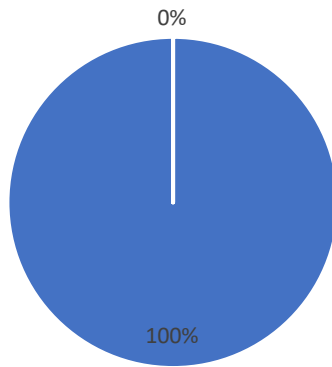
The following charts apply only to those parents/guardians who answered yes to the previous question:



The following charts apply only to those parents/guardians whose children experienced bullying in Longstone School:

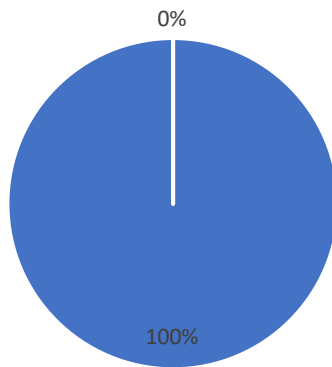


Was it dealt with sympathetically?



■ Yes ■ No

Was appropriate action taken?



■ Yes ■ No



Parent/Guardians were given the opportunity to comment on our Anti-Bullying Policy (a copy of which was sent out with the form). No responses for this question were received.